1	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
2	FOR
3	Senate Bill No. 407
4	(By Senators Minard, Foster, Kessler (Acting President) and
5	Stollings)
6	
7	[Originating in the Committee on Health and Human Resources;
8	reported February 16, 2011.]
9	
10	
11	A BILL to amend and reenact $\$33-15-2$ of the Code of West Virginia,
12	1931, as amended; to amend said code by adding thereto a new
13	article, designated §33-15F-1, §33-15F-2, §33-15F-3, §33-15F-
14	4, §33-15F-5, §33-15F-6, §33-15F-7, §33-15F-8, §33-15F-9, §33-
15	15F-10, $\$33-15F-11$ and $\$33-15F-12$; and to amend and reenact
16	§33-16-1a of said code, all relating to federal health
17	insurance reforms; incorporating the federal mandates of the
18	Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 and the
19	Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010; defining
20	terms; granting rule-making authority; preventing health care
21	insurers from imposing additional charges for certain
22	preventive benefits; preventing health care insurers from
23	imposing annual and lifetime benefits limits and providing
24	exceptions; establishing provisions for provider networks;
25	prohibiting health care insurers from imposing preexisting
26	condition exclusions for persons under the age of nineteen;
27	permitting eligibility for dependent children to the age of

twenty-six with conditions; and establishing review and appeal rights.

3 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That \$33-15-2 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, 5 be amended and reenacted; that said code be amended by adding 6 thereto a new article, designated \$33-15F-1, \$33-15F-2, \$33-15F-3, 7 \$33-15F-4, \$33-15F-5, \$33-15F-6, \$33-15F-7, \$33-15F-8, \$33-15F-9, 8 \$33-15F-10, \$33-15F-11 and \$33-15F-12; and that \$33-16-1a of said 9 code be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

10 ARTICLE 15. ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

11 §33-15-2. Scope and format of policy.

12 No policy of accident and sickness insurance shall be 13 delivered or issued for delivery to any person in this state 14 unless:

15 (a) The entire money and other considerations therefor are 16 expressed therein; and

17 (b) The time at which the insurance takes effect and 18 terminates is expressed therein; and

19 (c) It purports to insure only one person, except that a 20 policy may insure, originally or by subsequent amendment upon the 21 application of an adult member of a family who shall be deemed the 22 policyholder, any two or more eligible members of that family, 23 including husband, wife, dependent children or any children under 24 a specified age which shall not exceed nineteen not be less than 25 <u>twenty-five</u> years and any other person dependent upon the 26 policyholder. <u>For purposes of this subsection, if a policy</u> 27 <u>provides coverage for dependent children, "children" shall include</u> 28 any naturally born child, adopted child, stepchild, child of whom

1 the policyholder is the legal guardian, and a child for whom the 2 policyholder is under court order to provide healthcare benefits; 3 and

4 (d) The policy is guaranteed to be renewable at the option of 5 the insured except as provided in section two-d of this article; 6 and

7 (e) The style, arrangement and over-all appearance of the 8 policy give no undue prominence to any portion of the text, and 9 unless every printed portion of the text of the policy and of any 10 endorsements or attached papers is plainly printed in light-faced 11 type of a style in general use, the size of which shall be uniform 12 and not less than ten-point with a lowercase unspaced alphabet 13 length not less than one hundred and twenty-point (the "text" shall 14 include all printed matter except the name and address of the 15 insurer, name or title of the policy, the brief description, if 16 any, and captions and subcaptions), the policy shall clearly

17 indicate on the first page the conditions of renewability; and 18 (f) The exceptions and reductions of indemnity are set forth 19 in the policy and, except those which are set forth in sections 20 four and five of this article, are printed, at the insurer's 21 option, either included with the benefit provisions to which they 22 apply, or under an appropriate caption such as "Exceptions," or 23 "Exceptions and Reductions": *Provided*, That if an exception or 24 reduction specifically applies only to a particular benefit of the 25 policy, a statement of such exception or reduction shall be 26 included with the benefit provision to which it applies; and

(g) Each such form, including riders and endorsements, shallbe identified by a form number in the lower left-hand corner of the

1 first part thereof; and

2 (h) It contains no provision purporting to make any portion of 3 the charter, rules, Constitution, or bylaws of the insurer a part 4 of the policy unless such portion is set forth in full in the 5 policy, except in the case of the incorporation of, or reference 6 to, a statement of rates or classification of risks, or short-rate 7 table filed with the commissioner; and

8 (i) Effective the July 1, 1997, the insurer offers and accepts 9 for enrollment pursuant to section two-b of this article every 10 eligible individual who applies for coverage within sixty-three 11 days after termination of the individual's prior creditable 12 coverage.

 13 ARTICLE 15F.
 REFORMS UNDER THE PATIENT PROTECTION AND AFFORDABLE

 14
 CARE ACT.

15 §33-15F-1. Purpose.

Although the regulation of private health insurance markets has historically been the province of the states, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010, P.L. 111-148, as amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 20 2010, P.L. 111-152, includes new federal mandates affecting health insurers offering health benefit plans that may also be enforced by 22 states with sufficient statutory authority to do so. In order to 33 preserve, to the greatest extent possible, state regulatory control 24 consistent with these new federal laws. This article incorporates 25 many of the substantive reforms into the state insurance code and 26 provides the Insurance Commissioner with sufficient flexibility to 27 meet additional changes to federal laws through rulemaking and 28 other regulatory measures.

1 §33-15F-2. Definitions of terms in this article.

2 For the purposes of this article:

3 (a) "Adverse determination" means:

(1) A determination by a health carrier or its designee 4 5 utilization review organization that, based upon the information 6 provided, a request for a benefit under the health carrier's health 7 benefit plan upon application of any utilization review technique 8 does not meet the health carrier's requirements for medical 9 necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of care or 10 effectiveness or is determined to be experimental or 11 investigational and the requested benefit is therefore denied, 12 reduced or terminated or payment is not provided or made, in whole 13 or in part, for the benefit;

14 (2) The denial, reduction, termination or failure to provide 15 or make payment, in whole or in part, for a benefit based on a 16 determination by a health carrier or its designee utilization 17 review organization of a covered person's eligibility to 18 participate in the health carrier's health benefit plan; or

19 (3) Any prospective review or retrospective review 20 determination that denies, reduces or terminates or fails to 21 provide or make payment, in whole or in part, for a benefit.

22 (4) Adverse determination includes a rescission of coverage23 determination.

(b) "Ambulatory review" means utilization review of healthcare services performed or provided in an outpatient setting.

26 (c) "Case management" means a coordinated set of activities 27 conducted for individual patient management of serious, 28 complicated, protracted or other health conditions.

1 (d) "Certification" means a determination by a health carrier 2 or its designee utilization review organization that a request for 3 a benefit under the health carrier's health benefit plan has been 4 reviewed and, based on the information provided, satisfies the 5 health carrier's requirements for medical necessity, 6 appropriateness, health care setting, level of care and 7 effectiveness.

8 (e) "Child" includes any naturally born child, adopted child, 9 stepchild, child of whom the policyholder is the legal guardian, 10 and a child for whom the policyholder is under court order to 11 provide healthcare benefits.

12 (f) "Closed plan" means a managed care plan that requires 13 covered persons to use participating providers under the terms of 14 the managed care plan.

15 (g) "Commissioner" means the West Virginia Insurance 16 Commissioner.

17 (h) "Concurrent review" means utilization review conducted 18 during a patient's stay or course of treatment in a facility, the 19 office of a health care professional or other inpatient or 20 outpatient health care setting.

(i) "Covered benefits or benefits" means those health care services to which a covered person is entitled under the terms of a health benefit plan.

(j) "Covered person" means a policyholder, subscriber, subscriber, construction of the person of

(k) "Discharge planning" means the formal process fordetermining, prior to discharge from a facility, the coordination

1 and management of the care that a patient receives following 2 discharge from a facility.

3 (1) "Emergency medical condition" means a medical condition 4 manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity, 5 including severe pain, such that a prudent layperson, who possesses 6 an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably 7 expect that the absence of immediate medical attention would result 8 in serious impairment to bodily functions or serious dysfunction of 9 a bodily organ or part, or would place the person's health or, with 10 respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn 11 child, in serious jeopardy.

12 (m) "Emergency services" means, with respect to an emergency 13 medical condition:

14 (1) A medical screening examination that is within the 15 capability of the emergency department of a hospital, including 16 ancillary services routinely available to the emergency department 17 to evaluate such emergency medical condition; and

18 (2) Such further medical examination and treatment, to the 19 extent they are within the capability of the staff and facilities 20 available at a hospital, to stabilize a patient.

(n) "Essential health benefits" has the meaning under section 22 1302(b) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and 23 applicable regulations and include:

24 (1) Ambulatory patient services;

25 (2) Emergency services;

26 (3) Hospitalization;

27 (4) Laboratory services;

28 (5) Maternity and newborn care;

(6) Mental health and substance abuse disorder services,
 2 including behavioral health treatment;

3 (7) Pediatric services, including oral and vision care;

4 (8) Prescription drugs;

5 (9) Preventive and wellness services and chronic disease 6 management; and

7 (10) Rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices.

8 (o) "Exchange" means the West Virginia Health Benefits 9 Exchange established pursuant to section four, article sixteen-g of 10 this chapter.

(p) "Facility" means an institution providing health care services or a health care setting, including, but not limited to, hospitals and other licensed inpatient centers, ambulatory surgical or treatment centers, skilled nursing centers, residential treatment centers, diagnostic, laboratory and imaging centers, and rehabilitation and other therapeutic health settings.

(q) "Federal Act" means the Patient Protection and Affordable Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Public Law 111-152), and any amendments thereto, or regulations or guidance issued under those Acts.

21 (r) "Final adverse determination" means an adverse 22 determination that has been upheld by the health carrier at the 23 completion of the internal appeals process or with respect to which 24 the internal appeals process has been deemed exhausted in 25 accordance with.

(s) "Grievance" means a written complaint or oral complaint if the complaint involves an urgent care request submitted by or on behalf of a covered person regarding:

(1) Availability, delivery or quality of health care services,
 2 including a complaint regarding an adverse determination made
 3 pursuant to utilization review;

4 (2) Claims payment, handling or reimbursement for health care5 services; or

6 (3) Matters pertaining to the contractual relationship between 7 a covered person and a health carrier.

8 (t) "Group health insurance coverage" means, in connection 9 with a group health plan, health insurance coverage offered in 10 connection with such plan.

(u) "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit plan as defined in Section 3(1) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) to the extent that the plan provides medical care, and including items and services paid for as medical care to employees, including both current and former employees, or heir dependents as defined under the terms of the plan directly or through insurance, reimbursement, or otherwise.

18 (v) "Health benefit plan" means a policy, contract, 19 certificate or agreement offered or issued by a health carrier to 20 provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for or reimburse any of the 21 costs of health care services.

22 (1) "Health benefit plan" does not include:

(A) Coverage only for accident, or disability income24 insurance, or any combination thereof;

(B) Coverage issued as a supplement to liability insurance;
(C) Liability insurance, including general liability insurance
and automobile liability insurance;

28 (D) Workers' compensation or similar insurance;

1 (E) Automobile medical payment insurance;

2 (F) Credit-only insurance;

3 (G) Coverage for on-site medical clinics; or

4 (H) Other similar insurance coverage, specified in federal 5 regulations issued pursuant to Pub. L. No. 104-191, under which 6 benefits for health care services are secondary or incidental to 7 other insurance benefits.

8 (2) "Health benefit plan" also does not include the following 9 benefits if they are provided under a separate policy, certificate 10 or contract of insurance or are otherwise not an integral part of 11 the plan:

12 (A) Limited scope dental or vision benefits;

(B) Benefits for long-term care, nursing home care, home 14 health care, community-based care, or any combination thereof; or 15 (C) Other similar, limited benefits specified in federal 16 regulations issued pursuant to Pub. L. No. 104-191.

17 (3) "Health benefit plan" does not include the following 18 benefits if the benefits are provided under a separate policy, 19 certificate or contract of insurance, there is no coordination 20 between the provision of the benefits and any exclusion of benefits 21 under any group health plan maintained by the same plan sponsor, 22 and the benefits are paid with respect to an event without regard 23 to whether benefits are provided with respect to such an event 24 under any group health plan maintained by the same plan sponsor:

(A) Coverage only for a specified disease or illness; or
(B) Hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance.
(4) "Health benefit plan" does not include the following if
28 offered as a separate policy, certificate or contract of insurance:

(A) Medicare supplemental health insurance as defined under
 2 section 1882(g)(1) of the Social Security Act;

3 (B) Coverage supplemental to the coverage provided under 4 chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code (Civilian Health and 5 Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS)); or

6 (C) Similar supplemental coverage provided to coverage under 7 a group health plan.

8 (w) "Health care professional" means a physician or other 9 health care practitioner licensed, accredited or certified to 10 perform specified health care services consistent with state law. 11 (x) "Health care provider" or "provider" means a health care 12 professional or a facility.

13 (y) "Health care services" means services for the diagnosis, 14 prevention, treatment, cure or relief of a health condition, 15 illness, injury or disease.

16 (z) "Health carrier" means an entity subject to the insurance 17 laws and regulations of this state, or subject to the jurisdiction 18 of the commissioner, that contracts or offers to contract to 19 provide, deliver, arrange for, pay for or reimburse any of the 20 costs of health care services, including a sickness and accident 21 insurance company, a health maintenance organization, a nonprofit 22 hospital and health service corporation, or any other entity 23 providing a plan of health insurance, health benefits or health 24 care services.

(aa) "Health maintenance organization" means a person that undertakes to provide or arrange for the delivery of basic health care services to covered persons on a prepaid basis, except for the except for the person's responsibility for copayments, coinsurance or

1 deductibles.

2 (bb) "Individual health insurance coverage" means health 3 insurance coverage offered to individuals in the individual market, 4 but does not include short-term limited duration insurance: 5 *Provided*, That a health carrier offering health insurance coverage 6 in connection with a group health plan shall not be deemed to be a 7 health carrier offering individual health insurance coverage solely 8 because the carrier offers a conversion policy.

9 (cc) "Individual market" means the market for health insurance 10 coverage offered to individuals other than in connection with a 11 group health plan.

12 (dd) "Managed care plan" means a health benefit plan that 13 either requires a covered person to use, or creates incentives, 14 including financial incentives, for a covered person to use health 15 care providers managed, owned, under contract with or employed by 16 the health carrier.

17 (ee) "Medical care" means amounts paid for:

18 (1) The diagnosis, care, mitigation, treatment or prevention 19 of disease, or amounts paid for the purpose of affecting any 20 structure or function of the body;

(2) Transportation primarily for and essential to medical care22 referred to in paragraph(1); and

(3) Insurance covering medical care referred to in subdivision(1) and (2) of this subsection.

25 (ff) "Network" means the group of participating providers 26 providing services to a managed care plan.

27 (gg) "Open enrollment" means, with respect to individual 28 health insurance coverage, the period of time during which any

1 individual has the opportunity to apply for coverage under a health
2 benefit plan offered by a health carrier and shall be accepted for
3 coverage under the plan without regard to a preexisting condition.

4 (hh) "Open plan" means a managed care plan other than a closed 5 plan that provides incentives, including financial incentives, for 6 covered persons to use participating providers under the terms of 7 the managed care plan.

8 (ii) "Participant" has the meaning given for such term under 9 Section 3(7) of ERISA.

10 (jj) "Participating health care professional" means a health 11 care professional who, under a contract with the health carrier or 12 with its contractor or subcontractor, has agreed to provide health 13 care services to covered persons with an expectation of receiving 14 payment, other than coinsurance, copayments or deductibles, 15 directly or indirectly from the health carrier.

16 (kk) "Participating provider" means a provider who, under a 17 contract with the health carrier or with its contractor or 18 subcontractor, has agreed to provide health care services to 19 covered persons with an expectation of receiving payment, other 20 than coinsurance, copayments or deductibles, directly or indirectly 21 from the health carrier.

(11) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a partnership, an association, a joint venture, a joint stock company, a trust, an unincorporated organization, any similar sentity or any combination of the foregoing.

26 (mm) "Preexisting condition exclusion" means a limitation or 27 exclusion of benefits, including a denial of coverage, based on the 28 fact that the condition was present before the effective date of

1 coverage, or if the coverage is denied, the date of denial, under 2 a health benefit plan whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, 3 care or treatment was recommended or received before the effective 4 date of coverage; such term also includes any limitation or 5 exclusion of benefits, including a denial of coverage, applicable 6 to an individual as a result of information relating to an 7 individual's health status before the individual's effective date 8 of coverage, or if the coverage is denied, the date of denial, 9 under the health benefit plan, such as a condition identified as a 10 result of a preenrollment questionnaire or physical examination 11 given to the individual, or review of medical records relating to 12 the preenrollment period.

(nn) "Prospective review" means utilization review conducted prior to an admission or the provision of a health care service or s a course of treatment in accordance with a health carrier's requirement that the health care service or course of treatment, in whole or in part, be approved prior to its provision.

18 (oo) "Qualified health plan" means a health benefit plan that 19 has in effect a certification that the plan meets the criteria for 20 certification for sale within a health benefits exchange.

(pp) "Rescission" means a cancellation or discontinuance of coverage under a health benefit plan that has a retroactive effect. Rescission does not include a cancellation or discontinuance of coverage has only a prospective effect or the cancellation or discontinuance of coverage is effective retroactively to the extent it is attributable to a failure to timely pay required premiums or contributions towards the cost of coverage.

28 (qq) "Retrospective review" means any review of a request for

1 a benefit that is not a prospective review request. Retrospective 2 review does not include the review of a claim that is limited to 3 veracity of documentation or accuracy of coding.

4 (rr) "Second opinion" means an opportunity or requirement to 5 obtain a clinical evaluation by a provider other than the one 6 originally making a recommendation for a proposed health care 7 service to assess the medical necessity and appropriateness of the 8 initial proposed health care service.

9 (ss) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the United State 10 Department of Health and Human Services.

11 (tt) "SHOP Exchange" means the Small Business Health 12 Operations Program established under article sixteen-G of this 13 chapter.

14 (uu) (1) "Small employer" means an employer that employed an 15 average of not more than fifty employees during the preceding 16 calendar year.

17 (2) For purposes of this subsection:

(A) All persons treated as a single employer under Section
19 414(b), (c), (m) or (o) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 shall
20 be treated as a single employer;

(B) An employer and any predecessor employer shall be treatedas a single employer;

(C) All employees shall be counted, including part-time employees and employees who are not eligible for coverage through the employer;

26 (D) If an employer was not in existence throughout the 27 preceding calendar year, the determination of whether that employer 28 is a small employer shall be based on the average number of

1 employees that is reasonably expected that employer will employ on 2 business days in the current calendar year; and

3 (E) An employer that makes enrollment in qualified health 4 plans available to its employees through the Small Business Health 5 Options Program, and would cease to be a small employer by reason 6 of an increase in the number of its employees, shall continue to be 7 treated as a small employer for purposes of this article as long as 8 it continuously makes enrollment through the SHOP Exchange 9 available to its employees.

10 (vv) "Subscriber" means, in the case of individual health 11 insurance contract, the person in whose name the contract is 12 issued.

13 (ww) (1) "Urgent care request" means a request for a health 14 care service or course of treatment with respect to which the time 15 periods for making a nonurgent care request determination:

16 (A) Could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the 17 covered person or the ability of the covered person to regain 18 maximum function; or

19 (B) In the opinion of a physician with knowledge of the 20 covered person's medical condition, would subject the covered 21 person to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed without the 22 health care service or treatment that is the subject of the 23 request.

(2) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (B) of this 25 subdivision, in determining whether a request is be treated as an 26 urgent care request, an individual acting on behalf of the health 27 carrier shall apply the judgment of a prudent layperson who 28 possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine.

1 (B) Any request that a physician with knowledge of the covered 2 person's medical condition determines is an urgent care request 3 within the meaning of Paragraph (1) shall be treated as an urgent 4 care request.

5 (xx) "Utilization review" means a set of formal techniques 6 designed to monitor the use of, or evaluate the medical necessity, 7 appropriateness, efficacy, or efficiency of, health care services, 8 procedures, or settings. Techniques may include ambulatory review, 9 prospective review, second opinion, certification, concurrent 10 review, case management, discharge planning or retrospective 11 review.

12 (yy) "Utilization review organization" means an entity that 13 conducts utilization review, other than a health carrier performing 14 utilization review for its own health benefit plans.

15 §33-15F-3. Applicability; interpretive standards; effect of invalid federal laws.

(a) Except as provided herein in emergency and legislative Regulated pursuant to this article or in other regulatory guidance, the provisions of this article shall be effective with respect to health benefit plans in force on or after the effective date of the enactment of this section during the 2011 regular session of the Legislature.

(b) The provisions of this article shall be construed in accordance with relevant federal statutes, regulations and other sources of guidance issued by federal agencies. To the extent the applicability of a provision of the federal act is limited to nongrandfathered plans, as that term is defined in the federal act and regulations promulgated thereunder, the corresponding provisions of

1 this article shall be similarly limited to such plans.

2 (c) The provisions of this article control whenever there is 3 a conflict with a provision elsewhere in this code. In the event 4 any portion of the federal act or of any regulation or other 5 guidance is legislatively or judicially invalidated and rendered of 6 no effect in this state, the corresponding provisions of such act, 7 regulation or guidance as set forth in this article or in emergency 8 or legislative rules shall likewise be considered to be of no 9 further effect, and the Insurance Commissioner shall immediately 10 issue an informational letter setting forth his or her legal 11 opinion as to the effect of such legislative or judicial action on 12 the regulation of the health insurance market in this state and on 13 the continuing validity of the provisions of this article and any 14 rules promulgated pursuant to this article.

15 §33-15F-4. Rule-making authority.

16 The commissioner has authority to adopt emergency rules and to 17 propose rules for legislative approval, pursuant to chapter twenty-18 nine-a of this code, to effectuate or implement this article as 19 well as any provision of the federal act and related federal laws 20 related to healthcare reforms, and such rulemaking authority is not 21 limited to the subjects expressly addressed by this article.

22 §33-15F-5. Preventive benefits.

A group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering a group or individual health benefit plans shall, at a minimum, provide coverage for and shall not impose any cost sharing requirements for the following, as certified by the commissioner and set forth in emergency or legislative rules:

28 (1) Evidence-based items or services that have in effect a

1 rating of 'A' or 'B' in the current recommendations of the United 2 States Preventive Services Task Force;

3 (2) Immunizations that have in effect a recommendation from 4 the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the Centers for 5 Disease Control and Prevention with respect to the individual 6 involved; and

7 (3) With respect to infants, children, and adolescents,
8 evidence-informed preventive care and screenings provided for in
9 the comprehensive guidelines supported by the Health Resources and
10 Services Administration;

11 (4) With respect to women, such additional preventive care and 12 screenings not described in subdivision (1) of this subsection as 13 provided for in comprehensive guidelines supported by the Health 14 Resources and Services Administration for purposes of this 15 paragraph.

16 §33-15F-6. Annual and lifetime limits.

A group health plan and a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health benefit plan shall not establish lifetime or annual limits on the dollar value of essential benefits for any participant or beneficiary. A group health plan or health benefit plan may place annual or lifetime per beneficiary limits on specific covered benefits that are not essential health benefits to specific covered benefits that are otherwise permitted. The extent that such limits are otherwise permitted. The commissioner may establish by emergency or legislative rule restricted annual limits on the dollar value of benefits for any participant or beneficiary with respect to the scope of benefits that are essential health benefits for plan years beginning prior to January 1, 2014.

1 §33-15F-7. Rescissions.

2 Section seven, article six of this chapter applies to all 3 health benefit plans.

4 §33-15F-8. Medical loss ratios; reporting not required.

5 The reporting requirements contained in section one-b, article 6 fifteen and subsection (g), section five, article sixteen-d of this 7 chapter are not applicable to any carrier that is subject to 8 similar reporting with respect to greater loss ratios mandated by 9 the federal act and regulations promulgated thereunder.

10 §33-15F-9. Provider network provisions.

(a) If a group health plan, or a health insurance issuer offering group or individual health benefit plan, requires or provides for designation by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee of a participating primary care provider, then the plan or issuer shall permit each participant, beneficiary, and enrollee to designate any participating primary care provider who is available to accept such individual.

(b) In the case of a person who has a child who is a 19 participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, if the plan or issuer 20 requires or provides for the designation of a participating primary 21 care provider for the child, the plan or issuer shall permit such 22 person to designate an allopathic or osteopathic physician who 23 specializes in pediatrics as the child's primary care provider if 24 such provider participates in the network of the plan or issuer. 25 That nothing in subsections (a) or (b) shall be construed to waive 26 any exclusions of coverage under the terms and conditions of the 27 plan or health insurance coverage with respect to coverage of 28 pediatric care.

1 (c) If a group health plan, or a health insurance issuer 2 offering group or individual health benefit plans, provides or 3 covers any benefits with respect to services in an emergency 4 department of a hospital, the plan or issuer shall cover emergency 5 services without the need for any prior authorization 6 determination, and such services shall be provided: (1) Regardless 7 of whether the health care provider furnishing such services is a 8 participating provider with respect to such services; and (2) 9 subject to the same cost-sharing provisions and other terms of 10 coverage regardless of whether the provider is in the network.

(d) A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering 11 individual health benefit plans may not require 12 group or 13 authorization or referral by the plan, issuer, or any person, 14 including a primary care provider, in the case of a female 15 participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who seeks coverage for 16 obstetrical or gynecological care provided by a participating 17 health care professional who specializes in obstetrics or Provided, That such professional shall agree to 18 gynecology: 19 otherwise adhere to such plan's or issuer's policies and 20 procedures, including procedures regarding referrals and obtaining 21 prior authorization and providing services pursuant to any 22 treatment plan approved by the plan or issuer.

23 §33-15F-10. Prohibition on preexisting condition exclusions for 24 individuals under the age of nineteen.

(a) A health carrier shall not limit or exclude coverage under an individual health benefit plan for an individual under the age of nineteen by imposing a preexisting condition exclusion on that health carriers offering health benefit plans may hold

1 one or more open enrollment periods during which children may be 2 enrolled on a guaranteed issue basis. An individual under the age 3 of nineteen may not be denied coverage on the basis of a 4 preexisting condition outside an open enrollment period if he or 5 she has lost coverage due to a qualifying event such as employer 6 termination of a contribution for dependent coverage or other 7 situations defined in rule.

8 (b) Each health carrier offering health benefit plans shall 9 provide prior prominent public notice on its Internet website and 10 prior written notice to each of its policyholders annually at least 11 ninety days before any open enrollment period of the open 12 enrollment rights for individuals under the age of nineteen and 13 provide information as to how an individual eligible for this open 14 enrollment right may apply for coverage with the carrier during an 15 open enrollment period.

16 (c) Except as otherwise provided in this section or in rules 17 adopted hereunder, this section applies to grandfathered plan 18 coverage for group health benefit plans and does not apply to 19 grandfathered plan coverage for individual health benefit plans.

20 §33-15F-11. Review and appeal rights.

(a) The commissioner shall adopt emergency and legislative 22 rules to set forth minimum requirements for utilization review and 23 management, grievance and external review processes to be adopted 24 by health benefit plans.

(b) Every health benefit plan shall have in effect provisions
ensuring for appropriate grievance and external review procedures
to apply to adverse determinations.

28 §33-15F-12. Eligibility for dependent coverage to age twenty-six.

1 (a) A health carrier offering health benefit plans that makes 2 available dependent coverage of children shall make that coverage 3 available for children until attainment of twenty-six years of age, 4 regardless of the child's marital status, residency, or lack of 5 dependency on the primary subscriber or plan participant.

6 (b) Any child who is not covered because he or she had lost 7 coverage or had been denied coverage on the basis of age shall be 8 afforded written notice of eligibility to enroll and at least 9 thirty days to apply for such coverage. Notice may be provided to 10 an employee on behalf of the employee's child and, in the 11 individual market, to the primary subscriber on behalf of the 12 primary subscriber's child.

13 (c) For plan years beginning before January 1, 2014, a group 14 health plan providing group health insurance coverage that is a 15 grandfathered plan and makes available dependent coverage of 16 children may exclude an adult child who has not attained twenty-six 17 years of age from coverage only if the adult child is eligible to 18 enroll in an eligible employer-sponsored health benefit plan.

19 ARTICLE 16. GROUP ACCIDENT AND SICKNESS INSURANCE.

20 §33-16-1a. Definitions.

21 As used in this article:

(a) "Bona fide association" means an association which has been actively in existence for at least five years; has been formed and maintained in good faith for purposes other than obtaining insurance; does not condition membership in the association on any health status-related factor relating to an individual; makes accident and sickness insurance offered through the association available to all members regardless of any health status-related

1 factor relating to members or individuals eligible for coverage 2 through a member; does not make accident and sickness insurance 3 coverage offered through the association available other than in 4 connection with a member of the association; and meets any 5 additional requirements as may be set forth in this chapter or by 6 rule.

7

(b) "Child" means any of the following:

8 (1) A naturally born child, adopted child or stepchild of the 9 eligible employee;

10 (2) A child for whom the eligible employee is the legal 11 guardian; or

12 (3) A child for whom the eligible employee is under court 13 order to provide health coverage.

14 (b) (c) "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Insurance 15 West Virginia Insurance Commissioner.

16 (c) (d) "Creditable coverage" means, with respect to an 17 individual, coverage of the individual after June 30, 1996, under 18 any of the following, other than coverage consisting solely of 19 excepted benefits:

20 (1) A group health plan;

21 (2) A health benefit plan;

(3) Medicare Part A or Part B, 42 U. S. C. § 1395 et seq.;
Medicaid, 42 U. S. C. § 1396a et seq. (other than coverage
consisting solely of benefits under Section 1928 of the Social
Security Act); Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed
Services (CHAMPUS), 10 U. S. C., Chapter 55; and a medical care
program of the Indian Health Service or of a tribal organization;
(4) A health benefits risk pool sponsored by any state of the

1 United States or by the District of Columbia; a health plan offered 2 under 5 U. S. C., chapter 89; a public health plan as defined in 3 regulations promulgated by the federal secretary of health and 4 human services; or a health benefit plan as defined in the Peace 5 Corps Act, 22 U. S. C. § 2504(e).

(d) (e) "Dependent" means an eligible employee's spouse or any
<u>dependent</u> unmarried child or stepchild under the age of twenty-five
if that child or stepchild meets the definition of a "qualifying
child" or a "qualifying relative" in section 152 of the Internal
Revenue Code.

11 (e) (f) "Eligible employee" means an employee, including an 12 individual who either works or resides in this state, who meets all 13 requirements for enrollment in a health benefit plan.

14 (f) (g) "Excepted benefits" means:

(1) Any policy of liability insurance or contract supplemental thereto; coverage only for accident or disability income insurance or any combination thereof; automobile medical payment insurance; credit-only insurance; coverage for on-site medical clinics; workers' compensation insurance; or other similar insurance under which benefits for medical care are secondary or incidental to other insurance benefits; or

(2) If offered separately, a policy providing benefits for 23 long-term care, nursing home care, home health care, community-24 based care or any combination thereof, dental or vision benefits or 25 other similar, limited benefits; or

(3) If offered as independent, noncoordinated benefits under
27 separate policies or certificates, specified disease or illness
28 coverage, hospital indemnity or other fixed indemnity insurance, or

1 coverage, such as Medicare supplement insurance, supplemental to a
2 group health plan; or

3 (4) A policy of accident and sickness insurance covering a4 period of less than one year.

5 (g) (h) "Group health plan" means an employee welfare benefit 6 plan, including a church plan or a governmental plan, all as 7 defined in section three of the Employee Retirement Income Security 8 Act of 1974, 29 U. S. C. § 1003, to the extent that the plan 9 provides medical care.

10 (h) (i) "Health benefit plan" means benefits consisting of 11 medical care provided directly, through insurance or reimbursement, 12 or indirectly, including items and services paid for as medical 13 care, under any hospital or medical expense incurred policy or 14 certificate; hospital, medical or health service corporation 15 contract; health maintenance organization contract; or plan 16 provided by a multiple-employer trust or a multiple-employer 17 welfare arrangement. "Health benefit plan" does not include 18 excepted benefits.

19 (i) (j) "Health insurer" means an entity licensed by the 20 commissioner to transact accident and sickness in this state and 21 subject to this chapter. "Health insurer" does not include a group 22 health plan.

(j) (k) "Health status-related factor" means an individual's health status, medical condition (including both physical and mental illnesses), claims experience, receipt of health care, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability (including conditions arising out of acts of domestic violence) or alisability.

1 (k) (1) "Medical care" means amounts paid for, or paid for 2 insurance covering, the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or 3 prevention of disease, or amounts paid for the purpose of affecting 4 any structure or function of the body, including amounts paid for 5 transportation primarily for and essential to such care.

6 (1) (m) "Mental health benefits" means benefits with respect 7 to mental health services, as defined under the terms of a group 8 health plan or a health benefit plan offered in connection with the 9 group health plan.

10 (m) (n) "Network plan" means a health benefit plan under which 11 the financing and delivery of medical care are provided, in whole 12 or in part, through a defined set of providers under contract with 13 the health insurer.

(n) (o)"Preexisting condition exclusion" means, with respect to a health benefit plan, a limitation or exclusion of benefits relating to a condition based on the fact that the condition was present before the enrollment date for such coverage, whether or not any medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was precommended or received before the enrollment date.

⁽NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to incorporate the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 into the insurance code. The bill defines terms and grants rule-making authority. The bill prevents health care insurers from imposing additional charges for certain preventive benefits and prevents health care insures from imposing annual and lifetime benefits limits and provides exceptions. The bill also establishes provisions for provider networks. The bill prohibits health insurers from imposing preexisting condition exclusions for persons under nineteen. The bill further permits eligibility for dependent children to the age of twenty-six with conditions. The bill also establishes review and appeal rights.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from the present law, and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.

\$33-15F-1, \$33-15F-2, \$33-15F-3, \$33-15F-4, \$33-15F-5, \$33-15F-6, \$33-15F-7, \$33-15F-8, \$33-15F-9, \$33-15F-10, \$33-15F-11 and \$33-15F-12 are new; therefore, strike-throughs and underscoring have been omitted.)